

LIFE OF PEOPLE IN THE INFORMATIONIZED SOCIETY: SOCIO- PHILOSOPHICAL ANALYSIS

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Annotation. This article enumerates the information on the emergence of the information society, the features of the information society and the guarantees of the right to search, receive and disseminate any information in the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

Keywords. Information Society, "Plan of the Information Society", Information Management Resource, World Information Network Internet, Concept of an Information Society, Information Communication, Global Information Space, World Information Resources.

As a result of the development of the information society, fundamental changes are taking place not only in the field of production and technology, but also in the socio-economic relations, cultural and spiritual life. In this regard, informatization of society should be understood as the development of information with the help of informatics tools on the basis of building an information society, its further progressive development.

The knowledge of the people of the Akhborot region is the most important. He started by embracing this atrophic environment.

Information has long been important in the survival of the isons as a species and in their subsequent revolution. Initially, the form of information developed in an intuitive way, that is, in the form of the desire to preserve itself, and later took the form of speech by the accumulation of information collected in humans, which was considered to be the most primordial integrative and communication form among humans, and ushered in the first era of conscious communication in human history. An important feature of the human mind is that it has the ability to store, process, transmit information, consciousness on the basis of the information given, that is, self-processing and change. The emergence of communication in humans gave rise to the verbal form of information¹.

The term "information society" originated in Japan at the beginning. Japanese philosopher Y. Hayashi presented to the Japanese government in 1969 such studies as "Drawings for the Japanese Policy of Unity of the Informationized Society", 1971 "Plan of the Informationized Society". Since 1971 this concept began to be widely used by the scientific

¹ Uktamov Sh.O. The Essence and Historical Evolution of the Concept of Informationized Society. Conference on Actual Issues of Social and Humanitarian Sciences, 2022,B.525./ <file:///C:/Users/ASUS/Downloads/axborotlashgan-jamiyat-tushunchasining-mazmunmohiyati-va-tarixiy-evolyutsiyasi.pdf>

community. According to Y. Hayashi, information products, not material products, have become the formative and developing force of society².

In the 21st century – intellectual age³, the adoption of UNESCO's international program "Information for All" plays an important role. As a result of the development of an informationized society, fundamental changes are taking place not only in the field of production and technology, but also in socio-economic relations, cultural and spiritual life. And this has an impact on people's way of life.

"An informationized society is a society that is concerned primarily with the production, processing, storage and transmission of information to the members⁴ of society."

As President Shavkat Mirziyoyev said: "To achieve progress, it is necessary and necessary to master digital knowledge and modern information technologies. It allows us to go down the shortest path of development. Because we have no right to forget how the intellectual and cultural potential plays a decisive role in the education and development of rare talents."⁵

Focusing on informatization in the field of education alone requires the creation of new modern educational tools. An example of this is the electronic textbooks, electronic textbooks, and libraries that are currently being created. Currently, there is a great need for interactive e-learning courses.⁶

Informatized society is a society engaged in the development, storage, processing and implementation of information knowledge. The main goal of the information society is to provide legal and social guarantees to every citizen of society at any place and circumstance, at any time, access to the necessary information⁷.

Today, "... The rights to obtain, use and impart information are strictly guaranteed. Article 33 of the Constitution, adopted in the new edition: "Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, speech and belief. Everyone has the right to seek, receive and impart any information. The state creates conditions for ensuring the use of the Internet world information network. Restriction of the right to seek, receive and disseminate information is allowed only in accordance with the law and only to the extent necessary to protect the constitutional order, public health, public morality, rights and freedoms of other persons, to ensure public security and public order, as well as to prevent the disclosure of state secrets or other secrets protected by

²Gulboyev Bobir. The transformation of information into a strategic resource in modern civilization. Education and Innovation Research (2023 No. 8),B.135

³ UNESCO Information for All Programmes / <http://www.unesco.org/webworld/ifap>; www.ifar.ru

⁴ Philosophy: An Encyclopedic Dictionary.-T." National Encyclopedia of Uzbekistan" State Scientific Publishing House, 2008.-B-32.

⁵ Мирзиёев Ш.М. Янги Ўзбекистон стратегияси. -Tashkent: "Uzbekistan", 2021.- P.24

⁶"Khojabayev F.D., Mirsanov U.M. Using the Spring Framework in Creating Multimedia Interactive Books." In: "Current Issues and Solutions in the Use of Information and Communication Technologies in the Educational Process of General Education Schools: Collection of Materials from the Republican Scientific-Practical Conference," Navoi, 2016. – pp. 12-13.

⁷"On Amendments and Additions to the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan on Mass Media." The Republic of Uzbekistan, No. URK-78 of January 15, 2007 // <https://lex.uz/docs/11068700>

law."⁸The fact that information technologies are deeply embedded in all spheres of the world today is a testament to the deep penetration of information technologies into all spheres of the world. The media is so firmly ingrained in our daily lives that it's hard to imagine our lives without them. At the same time, the Internet and social networks became a part of people's lives.

According to the concept of the information society, informatization of society is a new historical stage in the development of civilization, in which it is considered one of the most basic products of information and knowledge production.

Distinctive features of the Informatized Society:

- a) an increase in the role of information and knowledge in the life of society;
- b) an increase in the share of information communications, products and services in gross domestic product;
- c) creation of a global information space. This, in turn, ensures effective information interaction of people, access to world information resources and satisfaction of their needs in information products and services⁹.

In conclusion, in the information society, the majority of members of society are busy with information, their way of life, the system of spiritual values changes, the importance of the approach to material wealth as a means of cultural entertainment and intellectual wealth increases, instead of looking only as a fund.

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⁸ The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan / The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan in this new edition was adopted by popular vote at the referendum of the Republic of Uzbekistan held on April 30, 2023. <https://lex.uz/uz/docs/-6445145>

⁹ Informatization of society/ <https://oyina.uz/uz/teahause/1577>



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